



# The Boston Post-Boy & Advertiser,

Containing the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, AUGUST 15, 1763. No. 313 { Weeks since his Paper was first Publish'd.



Published by GREEN & RUSSELL, Printers to the Honourable House of REPRESENTATIVES.



By the KING.

## A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE R.

**W**HEREAS a Definitive Treaty of Peace and Friendship between Us, the Most Christian King, and the King of Spain, to which the King of Portugal hath acceded, hath been concluded at Paris the 10th Day of February last, and the Ratifications thereof have been exchanged upon the 10th Day of this Instant March: In Conformity therunto, we have thought fit hereby to command, that the same be published throughout all Our Dominions: And We do declare to all Our loving Subjects Our Will and Pleasure, that the said Treaty of Peace and Friendship be observed inviolably, as well by Sea as Land, and in all Places whatsoever; strictly charging and commanding all Our loving Subjects to take Notice thereof, and to conform themselves therunto accordingly.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the 21st Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and Sixty-three, in the third Year of Our Reign.

### G O D Save the KING.

**B O S T O N,** August 12, 1763.  
ON Wednesday last, being the Day appointed for Proclaiming the Peace, at Noon his Excellency the Governor, escorted by the Life-Guards, went to the Council-Chamber, where he received the Compliments of the Lieutenant-Governor, the Council, the Members of the House of Representatives, the Magistrates, Officers, and Gentlemen of the Town and Neighbourhood; upon the happy Conclusion of the Peace. At one o'Clock the Proclamation was read from the Balcony of the Town-House, which was received with great Acclamation, by a large Concourse of People assembled upon the Occasion: When, upon a Signal given, 21 Guns were fired from Castle-William, and as many from the Batteries of the Town; and the Troop of Life-Guards, commanded by Brigadier-General Royall, the Regiment of Militia, commanded by Colonel Jackson, with its Train of Artillery, and the Company of Cadets, commanded by Colonel Jarvis, being drawn up before the Town-House fired in Divisions and in Volleys.

After which the Governor, with the Lieutenant-Governor, Council, and the rest of the Company, escorted by the Company of Cadets, and preceded by the Officers of the Regiment, went to Faneuil-Hall, where an elegant Dinner for upwards of 200 Persons was provided. After Dinner the following Healths and Toasts were drank.

- The KING.
- The Queen, Prince of Wales, and Royal Family, His Majesty's Ministers of State.
- The Duke of Bedford, and all other his Majesty's ministers who assisted in conducting and concluding the glorious Peace.
- Prosperity to the Province.
- His Majesty's Forces by Sea and Land, and to the Memory of those who have died for their Country in the late War.
- May the Peace be lasting.
- May internal Peace prevail throughout his Majesty's Dominions.
- Prosperity to the British Empire in North-America, and may it be well Peopled to its utmost

Upon drinking the King's Health, the Train of Artillery fired 15 Rounds from two Pieces of Cannon, which were placed before the Hall for that Purpose.

The whole was conducted with the greatest Order and Decency: In the Evening there were Bonfires at the usual Places, and Fireworks were played off from a Lighter moored in the Harbour at a small Distance from the Town.

Thursday being appointed for a Day of Solemn Thanksgiving to Almighty GOD for the happy Conclusion of the Peace, the same was religiously observed here.

### Portsmouth, New-Hampshire.

Extract of a Letter from an Officer to his Friend in the Town, dated at Fort-Stanwix, June 24.

Perhaps you have not had the Particulars of the Detroit Affair, which are as follows, viz: On the 8th of May four Nations of Indians, came to Detroit to hold a Congress with an Intention to Tomahawk the whole Garrison; but Major Gladwin luckily got Information of their Design from an old Squaw, and Time enough to put the Garrison under Arms; at which the Indians expressed great Surprise, and asked the reason of it: Gladwin at first said he had Orders to exercise his Men every Day; but they were not satisfied with this, and said they had no Arms; he then told them he was informed of their Design, and was determined to be on his Guard, they denied the whole. The next Day 300 came and wanted to be admitted to hold a Council; but Gladwin refused them to enter more than 40, so they would not come in without the whole: They then sent him Word, he and his Garrison might go off in his Ships leaving all his Arms, Ammunition & Stores behind him: But he not accepting of these Terms, they desired he would send two Captains to treat with them, and accordingly Capt. Campbell and Lt. McDoagal were sent whom they have detained ever since and immediately scalped two English Families who lived out side the Fort. Capt. Robertson went some Days before to sound the Youth of Lake Huron; Sir Robert Davers and young Rutherford went with him, as a Party of Pleasure; the Indians took them and killed all but young Rutherford, who jumped out of a Canoe and was drowned; this some Frenchmen saw.—Forty Canoes attacked one of our Vessels coming to Niagara; in the headmost Canoe they had Capt. Campbell, thinking to get on board; but Campbell called to the Matter to do his Duty, telling him all his Friends was well at Detroit: and to before follow his Instructions, upon which the Sloop gave them a Broadside of Grape and Round, which killed many, they then got in a Groupe a Stern. The Matter cut a Hole in the Cabin and run out a Six Pounder loaded with Grape, with which he sunk 6 of the Canoes, they then thought proper to let him pursue his Voyage.—Most of the Traders that went up this Year are taken.

### WILLIAMSBURG, July 15.

An Express arrived last night from Winchester, with a letter to his Honour the Governor, dated July 11th, giving an account that all the inhabitants of Hampshire, intimidated by some skulking parties of Indians, who have murdered several families therabouts, had left their houses and plantations, and taken refuge in the different little forts on the South Branch of the country; and that many of the inhabitants of Frederick had followed their example amounting in all to 648 men, 338 women, and 1191 children. His Honor, we hear, has sent up orders to the commanding-officer of the companies adjoining to draw out their militia; so that, it is hoped, they will be able to drive off those merciless savages, and let the inhabitants return to their fine plantations, which otherwise must be inevitable destroyed.

### Annapolis, in Maryland, July 21.

Last Wednesday Capt. Peter Butler, of Frederick-Town, Maryland, called out his Company of Militia and in a few hours they raised 20 Men, with Money to pay them, to range on the other side Conococheague from Fort-Frederick to the Temporary-Line, to protect the distressed Inhabitants in gathering in their Harvest.—Another Company of Rangers, consisting of 40, were likewise raised in another Part of that County, for the same Purpose. The Gentlemen therabouts have shewn a noble Spirit.

Lord Paisfar's since I saw you, and only returned this Day, the 19th; while I was there, we were alarmed every Day with Accounts of the Indians being in the Neighbourhood, which occasioned many of the Inhabitants to leave their plantations, and retire with what Effects they could carry, into the most convenient Forts. The Militia of the Five Frontier Counties have been drafted and sent up into Frederick and Hampshire, and many Gentlemen have gone out Volunteers.

Constantinople, April 16, Soliman Pacha, Governor of Rhodes, is made high Admiral of the Ottoman Empire. This man, from a common sailor, has gone through all degrees, till at length, his merit has raised him to the first dignities of the Empire.

Rome, May 7.—It is apprehended that the tranquillity of Italy will be disturbed. Two Powers seem to look with an evil eye on each other's aggrandizement. A third is endeavouring to prevent an open rupture between them, because, if that should happen, it must take a part in their broils, which it would willingly avoid.

Paris, May 20. The King has expressed great satisfaction at the success of the project of the Canal of Bayonne. 'Tis to the Duke de Choiseul that we shall be indebted for it; as also for several other schemes relative to the Marine, which e'er long will be as respectable as it was at the beginning of the war.

The Gentlemen who are confined in the Bastille, on account of the affairs of Canada, have given a very different account of the loss of that Colony from what was generally believed. We shall soon know, by the publication of their trial, who is to blame.

### L O N D O N, May 31.

IN this Day's Gazette there are Addresses to his Majesty, from several Towns and Boroughs. Part of the Speeches Addressed. "As your Majesty's generous care of the constitution of this country has, from your first accession to the crown, been most eminently conspicuous in the many essential securities established for the preservation of the liberties of the people; we cannot omit this opportunity of expressing our grateful sense of these blessings, and of testifying our abhorrence of the seditious practices which have of late occasioned some disturbance, and which under the mask of liberty, would effectually destroy it, even at a time when we have all imaginable reason to expect and trust in its complete establishment under your Majesty's most auspicious reign."

Part of the Grenadier's Address. "We cannot help lamenting these efforts which are made to revive and keep up political factions, the bane of publick good; we detest, from the bottom of our hearts, those daring insults, which have been offered by seditious and profligate writers, to the best of Kings.—Liberty we value more than our lives. Liberty will be ever maintained and cherished by a Sovereign who hath approved himself the true Father of his country. But Gentlemen, that use of liberty, deserves reprehension from every mouth that is able to pronounce it; and accordingly within the boundaries of law, from every hand that is able to bestow it. We for our own parts, far from imitating such execrable outrage, shall always give your Majesty every mark of duty and respect, &c."

Yesterday the State Lottery began drawing.—The King of Prussia set out from Berlin the 20th Inst. for Pomerania, and a few hours after the Prince Royal followed him.

An Algerine corsair, with 19 Turks on board, is taken by a French ship, and carried into Toulon.

Thursday evening Miss Chudleigh, one of the maids of honor to her royal highness the princess dowager of Wales, gave a grand entertainment to several of the nobility and gentry; all of her train were particularly invited.

Thursday night last a magnificent fireworks was played off in Hyde Park, before the house of the hon. Miss Chudleigh, at the expense of that lady; on account, as it is said, of the coalition which is likely to take place among the Great Powers.

The moll kern jobbers in the Alley are at a loss to account for the present fall of the stocks.

Liverpool, May 27. Friday last an infamous woman received the discipline of the Mob, and was severely ducked at the Duck-ship, being ducked in decaying green pistons and children, and selling them to the Commandant of a vessel in the American

New-York, August 8.

Early Yesterday Morning His Majesty's Packet, Boat the Harior, Capt. Robinson, arrived here with the June Mail from Falmouth, which she left the 22d of the June Month, having 6 Weeks, and 3 Days Passage, and brought Prints to the 18th June, from which we have taken as much as Time or Room would allow to insert, there being Nothing very material in them at any Rate.

T U N I S, May 8.

JUST as our Armament was ready to fall, the Commodore's ship, which carried 40 guns and 200 men, overthrew by a gale of wind, and all the crew perished, except the Captain, who was on shore, and 43 sailors, who were taken up by a French ship. This accident, however, did not hinder the armament, which consists of three frigates, from putting to sea.

L O N D O N, May 20.

The King has been graciously pleased to issue his Proclamation for pardoning and discharging soldiers now in custody for desertion.

His Majesty has been pleased to make a present of his picture, richly set with diamonds, to the Duke de Nivernois, his most Christian Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, who set out on his return to Paris last Sunday morning.

By a letter received yesterday from Durham there is advice that the Earl of Beve passed through that city on the 17th inst. on his way to his seat in Scotland.

May 24. We hear, Mr. WILKES has borrowed printing types and a printing press, which was set up last week in his house in Great George Street, Westminster: And yesterday appeared, dated from that street, May 23, 1763.

Proposals for printing by subscription in royal quarto, The proceedings of the administration, with all the original papers respecting the case of John Wilkes, Esq; member of Parliament for Aylesbury in Bucks, with constitutional remarks. By Mr. Wilkes. Price one guinea, to be paid at the time of subscribing.

They write from Paris, that by order of the Parliament, public notice had been given from all the pulpits, that on the 15th of June, will be sold, with full security to the purchasers, all the houses in that City, Mont Louis, Mont Royal, and Gentilly, which lately belonged to the Jesuits.

May 26. We are informed that in a late Conversation, a great Personage said, "I am a Friend to Freedom, from Sentiment, and will ever protect the freedom of my Subjects in their Rights and Liberties; but I am determined not to suffer an Infant with Impunity, though it were offered to me from the greatest."

June 11. We hear that a certain intended prosecution against a famous Gentleman, is now entirely dropped; and it is hoped all things will be compromised to the satisfaction of all parties.

We hear that the Ministry will be entirely changed; and in consequence the cyder act repealed.

June 16. By a Letter from Lisbon there is an Account, that the Lord Clive and Ambuscade Privateers have taken two South-Sea Ships, very richly laden.

Yesterday his Grace the Duke of Bedford waited on his Majesty at St. James's, for the first Time since his Arrival from France, and was most graciously received.

June 17. The Trial of John Wilkes, that was expected to put off till this Day at the King's Bench, is now set to come off to-morrow Term.

The Countess de Leitcham, Packet, which sailed some Time ago from Falmouth for Cadiz in Spain was refused admittance into that Port; which occasioned much Speculation this Day upon Change.

Yesterday 18 special Juries were moved for at Westminster, by the defendants in the several prosecutions now carrying on by Mr. Wilkes; five by Mr. Sergeant Hewitt, five by Mr. Sergeant Davy, four by Mr. Sergeant Whitaker, and four by Mr. Sergeant Nares, sixteen of these causes are to be tried in the City of London, and two in Westminster.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug.

From Fort Bedford we learn, that Colonel Bouquet, with the Army under his Command, were well at that Place the 27th ult. having met with no Interruption from the Enemy; and that he was to proceed on his March the next Day; that no Military had been done in that Neighbourhood for three Weeks; and that the Number in all killed and wounded is fifteen: But they had received Advice from Fort Cumberland, that on Sunday, the 24th of last Month, as a Number of People were assembled at a Place of Worship, at the Gulf Pasture in Augusta County, Virginia, they were attacked by a Party of Indians, who killed 20 or upwards of them.

New-York, Aug. 8.

Since our last, Advice have been received from the Detroit, of the 9th of July; and the following may be depended on as authentic.

The good Conduct of Major Gladwin, who commands at the Detroit, seconded by the spirited Behaviour of his whole Garrison, having baffled all the Schemes of the Indians, even before any Reinforcements arrived, the Savages seemed to ficken of their Attempts, and some had threatened to leave

but those Letters discover such a continued Scene of Butcheries committed by the inhuman Villains as flagger Credibility, and are shocking to human Nature.

It appears that the Savages massacred all the Men of Lieut. Cuyler's Party, who fell in their Hands, on their Way to the Detroit; excepting three Men, who had resolution enough, when they came within Sight of Detroit, to attack the Indians who were guarding them in the Boat; threw the Brutes overboard, and got safe into the Fort.

The Posts at Sandusky, Miami, Michillimackinac, Oulatanon and St. Joseph, are all cut off by Treachery, chiefly owing to the Savages having taken the Opportunity of securing the Commanding Officers, when treating with them as Friends. The whole Garrison of Sandusky (excepting Ensign Pauli, the Commanding Officer, who made his Escape, and got safe into the Detroit) with all the Traders who were there, fell by the Hands of the Savages: The same Fate attended Ensign Holmes, at the Miami, who was betrayed by a Squaw, that begged him to go 200 Yards, to bleed one that was dying, when he was shot by Indians, who way-laid him. The Commanding Officer at Michillimackinac is Prisoner; but too many of his Garrison have suffered: All the Goods at those Places have fallen into the Hands of the Indians. Several of the Traders massacred; Ensign Schaffer, who commanded at St. Joseph, got safe into the Detroit, but the Villains, who came as Friends, butchered every Man of the Garrison, excepting 3, and plundered the Fort. Lieut. Jenkins, who commanded at Oulatanon, is carried to the Illinois; and 'tis feared his Garrison have met with no better Treatment than the others. Ensign Christie, who commanded at Presque Isle, and who was said to be killed, was carried by the Savages, with Part of his Garrison, to the Detroit.

On the 30th June, the Schooner arrived from Niagara, with a Reinforcement of Men, and a Pile of Supplies of Ammunition and Provisions, and on the 14th July, Major Gladwin sent out a Party, who attacked some Indians, killed Three (one of whom was a Chief), and purified them for some Distance; but soon after he had the Mortification to learn that the Villains had butchered Capt. Campbell, in the most shocking Manner: This Officer had been detained ever since he went out to treat with them; and there cannot be a stronger Proof of the Ingratitude of that brutal Race than in this Instance; for while Capt. Campbell commanded at the Detroit, he was remarkably hospitable to the several Tribes of Indians who came to that Post; and made it his constant Study to benefit them. The other Officer who accompanied Capt. Campbell, had the good Fortune to make his Escape, and was safe in the Fort, when the Letters came away.

The Measures now taking, will, we flatter ourselves, soon relieve the distressed Inhabitants on our back Settlements; for we are well assured that very formidable Reinforcements are on their Way to the upper Country, which will be employed not only in securing the several Posts for the future, but in taking such Revenge for the Butcheries committed by the Barbarians, as shall be a LASTING MONUMENT of the Wrath of INJURED BRITONS; and be sufficient to deter the BEASTS from ever attempting the like hereafter.

Extract of a Letter from Fort Ontario, dated July 24, 1763.

By a Vessel arrived from Niagara Yesterday, and by some Traders from Detroit, who came Passengers in her, we are informed, that Major Gladwin, and his Garrison were well the 12th instant, and that he had only 1 Man killed, and 9 wounded, and that the Indians are going away daily; there was not above 400 Indians about Detroit, when the Traders came away; some of the Nations are very desirous to make Peace; all the Out-posts are set out; the Garrison of Presque-Isle, were delivered up to Major Gladwin; at St. Joseph's, all the Men murdered except Ensign Slosser, and 3 Men, who are also given up to Major Gladwin; Lieut. Jenkins, with his Garrison, are sent to the Illinois, Ensign Holmes, killed; the Garrison of Michillimackinac were surprized; they sent in a Number of Squaws with short Guns under their Blankets, which they had cut off for that Purpose, and a Number of Indians playing at Ball round the Garrison, when at last the Ball was struck into the Fort, and the whole pushed in and seized the Garrison. Capt. Ehrington, and Lieut. Letley, are Prisoners, the other Officers that was there, Lieut. Jenett, was killed, Capt. Campbell, was butcher'd in Revenge, of one of the Sachems Sons that was killed in a Skirmish at Detroit; they hold his Heart and ear, and a Piece of the Skin of his Arms; Lieut. McDougall, who was Prisoner with Capt. Campbell made his Escape with an Indian Trader two Days before.

They attack'd the Vessel, the last Time she went to Detroit, but were cut off: they also attempted to burn her with Rafts. The Vessel that came from Detroit, was Capt. Dallye 10 Miles beyond Presque-Isle; they gave him Information of a Number of Indians being on a Point in the River, 6 Miles from Detroit, which it is thought will stop him on an Island, till the Vessel comes up to escort him; his Detachment is about 300 Men. We found only

of the 17th, with his Company, which consisted of about 15 Men, goes To morrow; it is thought the French are at the Bottom of this Affair, very few gave Major Gladwin Assistance till the first arrival. Reinforcement arrived from Niagara. Our Traders are all Prisoners, none killed but them you heard of before."

Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated July 30, 1763.

There is one Abraham Van Eps, was in Company with Nanning (and made, his Escape with Lieut. McDougall) is arrived at Schenectady, and by Ephraim Van Veghte, who came with him from Niagara, I am informed, that Nanning, and all the Traders, are in health among the Indians, and well used; and Garrick Ryckman, who was taken the first near Detroit, is delivered up with Part of his Company, so we hope soon to have a better Account of Nanning and the rest; Barret is on his Way from Oswego hither; Van Veghte left him 7 Days ago. As Barret had Packs, he could not go fast as they, we expect him home in 3 or 4 Days, and Van Veghte says that Barret had a Letter from Garrit, dated the 15th at Presque-Isle, when he was well. This News has given us great Joy, and as those People coming down have seen nothing of any Enemy, the Militia are returned.

Extract of a Letter from Fort Detroit, dated July 6, 1763.

We have been besieged these two Months, by 600 Indians; we have been upon the Watch Night and Day, from the commanding Officer to the lowest Soldier, from the 8th of May, and have not had our Cloaths off, nor slept one Night since it began, and shall continue, so till we have a Reinforcement up, then hope soon to give a good Account of the Savages; their Camp lays about a Mile and an half from the Fort; and that's the nearest they choose to come now; for the first 3 or 4 Days, we were attacked by 3 or 4 Hundred of them, but we gave them so warm a Reception that they don't care for coming to us, tho' they now and then get behind a Hoop or Garden, and fire at us about 3 or 4 Hundred Yards distance; the day before yesterday, we killed a Chief and 3 others, and wounded some more, and yesterday we went up with our Sloop, and batter'd their Cabbins in such a Manner that they are glad to keep farther off.

Detroit, July 9, 1763.

You have heard long ago of our pleasant Situation; but the Storm is now over. Was it not very agreeable, to hear every Day, of cutting, carving, boiling and eating our Companions! To see every Day dead Bodies floating down the River, mangled and disfigured, and Frenchmen daily coming into the Fort, with long very Faces, telling us of most shocking Designs to destroy us. But Britons, you may never shrink; and we always appeared Gay, to spite the Barrels; and our little handful of Men were always in good Spirits, and very Healthy, and thro' the Mercy of Heaven ever they appeared. They boiled and eat Sir Robert Davers; and we are informed by Mr. Pauly, who escaped the other Day, that he had seen an Indian have the Skin of Capt. Robertson's Arm for a Tobacco Pouch. These are their Trophies!

Three Days ago a Party of us went out to demolish a Break-Work they had made. We snif'd our Work, and were returning Home; but the Fort spying a Party of Indians coming up, as if they intended to Fight, we were ordered back, made our Dispositions, and advanced briskly; our Front was fired upon warmly, and returned the Fire for about five Minutes, in the mean Time, Capt. Hopkins, with about 20 Men, fled off to the Left, and about 30 French Volunteers fled off to the Right, and got them between their Fires; the Villains fled immediately, and we pursued as far as was prudent, for a Centy whom I had placed informed me he saw a Body of them coming down from the Woods, and our Party, being about 80, was not able to cope with their united Bands; in short, we beat them handsomely, yet did not much hurt them, for they ran extremely well. We only killed their Leader, and three others, as we are told. We had only one Man slightly wounded, which is surprizing, from their Situation, and their first Fire. One of them fired at me at the Distance of 15 or 20 Paces, but I suppose my terrible Visions made him Tremble: I think I shot him. The killing of their Chief was the Cause of another tragical Affair; they brought Capt. Campbell out, and cut him into Pieces. McDougall had the good Fortune to escape two Nights before; and Mr. Pauly, who commanded at Sandusky, being told of Capt. Campbell's Fate, jump'd up at a Window, and arrived late at the Fort.

Monday last a Conoc overfell, in the North-River, going on board a Transport lying there, by which Accident, two Women and one Child, were drowned. A Man, and a Woman with her Child, that were in the same Conoc, were taken up.

Sale of Newcastle Coal. THIS DAY, (being Monday)---at 3 o'Clock, will be sold by public Vendue, on board the Brig Thames, lying at the South Side of the Long Wharf, opposite the single Warehouses, Choice Newcastle COAL, in such Quantities, and Lots, as may best suit the Purchasers.---Also, Hampers of BOTTLES;---Crates of Crown and Sheet GLASS.---A Quantity of CHEESE, &c.

-On Friday being the Birth-Day of the Prince of Wales, and the Anniversary of the Accession of the House of Hanover, and also of the Surrender of the Havana, which was the immediate Means of bringing about the Peace; at One o'Clock the Guns at the Castle and Town Batteries were Fired; and in the Evening his Excellency the Governor gave a Ball at Concert Hall. There were present about 240 Gentlemen and Ladies; the Ball was opened by General Skirry and the Governor's Lady about 8 o'Clock; the Country Dances began about nine, and about ten a Supper Room was opened, where was a very handsome Collation. The Ladies made a brilliant Appearance, and the Company expressed the highest Pleasure and Satisfaction on the Occasion, and broke up about two in the Morning. The whole was conducted with the greatest Order, Elegance and Decorum.

By the Packet we learn, That Capt. Hunter who sailed from this Port in May last, arrived in London in 30 Days.

Capt. Loring in a Brig for this Port was to sail from London, in a few Days after the Packet.

We bear from a French Ship, from Cape-Francois, bound from Old France, with a Cargo judged to be worth Five Hundred thousand Livres, was called upon near the West-Indies. The People on board (being 48 in Number, Passengers included) immediately took to their Long-Boat, and were soon after taken on board a British Ship, which carried them to Port au Paix. As soon as the French People had quitted the Ship, she was taken and plundered by the Crew of four New-Providence Vessels, who would not permit a single Frenchman to come on board again, and refused giving them either Bread or Water. It is imagined they saved the greatest Part of the Cargo.

A few Days since, Capt. Nathaniel Winslow of this Place arrived at the Vineyard from the West-Indies; soon after they got into Port, Capt. Winslow was taken suddenly ill, and died in about 3 Hours.

Capt. Mills arrived here last Friday Night in 25 Days from St. Eustatia.

Saturday arrived here the Captains Cochrain and Haslow from the West-Indies.

Capt. Wier in a Brig from the West-Indies for this Port, was lately cast away on the Cauca's, the Vessel and Cargo entirely lost, but the Men all saved.

Friday the 4th Instant died at Roxbury in the 83d Year of his Age, Capt. JEREMIAH RICHARDS. He has left a Widow with whom he lived above 60 Years; and by whom he had seven Children, who are all living.

His Excellency the Captain-General has been pleased to commission the following Gentlemen Field-Officers of the Regiment of Militia in this Town, viz.

Joseph Jackson, Esq; Colonel  
John Symmer, Esq; Lieut. Colonel  
William Taylor, Esq; Major.

-We bear that the Acadians, commonly known by the Name of French-Neutrals, who were removed from Nova-Scotia in the Year 1755, are to be sent to Old France;—A List of those in this Province is taking to send Home, for Transport to be sent to carry them.

We hear great Part of the Soldiers whose Time of Service had expired, and who lately arrived at New-York from the Havana, have re-imbued into the Regiments going up to chastise the savage Enemy.

Extract of a Letter from Philadelphia, July 27.

"I returned home last Night, being as far Westward as Port Loudoun with Col. Bouquet, who sat out for Port Pitt with his Command of not more than 450 Men of the 42d and 77th Regiments. He took under his Convoiy thirty-five Waggon and near five hundred Pack-Horses, loaded with Provisions and Stores; they went off with good Spirits, as two small Detachments sent forwards had the good Fortune to escape the Enemy, and get into their Stations without being attacked (which I hope will be his good Fortune.) Should he be beat these Provinces would have Work enough on their Hands for two or three Years. There has been a great deal said in the Papers, but not more, than is strictly true; Shippenburgh and Carlisle is now become our Frontiers, none living at their Plantations but such as, have their Houses stockaded. Upwards of 200 Women and Children are now living in Fort Loudoun, a Spot not more than 100 Feet Square. I saw a Letter from Col. Stevens, late of the Virginia Regiment, to Colonel John Armstrong, wherein he mentions that Great Britain and Jackson's River are depopulated, upwards of 300 Persons killed or taken Prisoners; that for one hundred Miles in Breadth, and 300 Miles in Length, not one Family is to be found on these Plantations; by which Means there is near 20,000 People left destitute of their Habitations. The 700 Men voted by the Assembly recruit but very slowly; the People that have Grain, are more intent on saving it than accepting the Bounty offered; By the lowest Calculation made, there cannot be less than 400,000 Bushels of Wheat fall to the Ground, which cannot be saved."

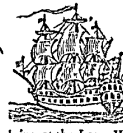
We hear of an Marblehead, that on Wednesday the 3d of this Instant, the House of the Rev. Mr. Barnard, was struck with Lightning;—It came down the

the Roof, and ran into the lower Room, ripp'd up the Wainscoting nigh the Fire-Place, where was a Sconce Glass, and several brass Knobs, which very evidently diverted the Course of the Lightning; it proceeded to a Closet, and broke some China-Ware therein, then went out of the House juggling off the upper Part of the Ceiling-Door. A Boil which flood in the Ceiling, had a Hole thro' it the Bigness of a Kettle-Head, occasioned by the Lightning. At the same Time a Cooper's Shop was struck in the same Town, the Chimney was beat in clofe to the Roof; providentially the Workmen just before went out of the Shop, whereby they escaped being hurt.

The same Day a Hoar'd was killed at Braintree. Same Time a Barn was struck at Middleborough, the Lightning set Fire to the Hay; which was extinguished with a Pall or two of Milk, by the People who discovered it; they made use of Water, tho' very near at hand, it being the Opinion of many in the Country, that Water will not quench the Fire that is kindled by Lightning. Whether this Opinion is just, would be of Service to the Publick to be informed.

A more melancholy Effect of the Lightning the same Day was at Reading-Prencit: Mr. Joseph Frye of that Place, being in the Room with his Wife, who was standing near the Fire-Place, the Lightning came down the Chimney, which drove the Albes in such a Manner that it filled the Room, Mr. Frye with Difficulty got to the Hearth, and pulled his Wife out, but found that she was instantly killed.

A few Days ago the House of the Rev. Mr. Weld of Attleborough, was struck with Lightning, the Fire, resembling a large Ball, came down the Chimney into the lower Room, and made a considerable Explosion: There were a Number of Persons in several Parts of the House, a young Woman who was in the lower Room went up to see if any Damage had accrued, but found none, excepting a Quantity of Towse which lay spread on the upper Chamber floor being in Blaze; she taking a Blanket thro' it over the Fire and extinguished it, and thereby preserved the House from burning.



The Ship *Boscawen*,  
Howard Jacobson, Master,  
will sail for LONDON on  
Thursday Next,  
Freighters and Passengers  
may agree with the Master  
on board the said Ship now  
lying at the Long-Wharf.  
Bolton, August 15.

To be sold at PUBLIC VENDUE  
at Nathaniel Wheelwright, Esq's, Wharf,  
To-Morrow at XI o'Clock, A.M.

A Quantity of fine bright Sugars; to be put up one Hoghead in a Lot, and some other Articles to be seen at Place of Sale.

E. Quincy, jun. Broker.  
Who has also for private Sale, a new Forecell and Foretoppall made and fitted in London, suitable for a Ship of 160 Tons, and a Quantity of small Cordage and Rattine, and a few Hogheads of choice Jamaica Rum, &c. &c.

This Day Published,  
And to be Sold by GREEN & RUSSELL in Queen-Street, (Price one Shilling.)

REMARKS  
ON Dr. Mayhew's, Incidental Reflections, Relative to the CHURCH of England, as contained in his "OBSERVATIONS on the CHARTER, and Conduct of the Society, &c."

Province of New-Hampshire.

WHEREAS Application has been made to me the Subscriber by the Owners of more than one sixteenth Part of the Rights in the Township of Salsbury, lying in the Province of New-Hampshire, desiring that a Meeting of said Proprietors may be called and held as soon as may be; I do in Consequence of such Application notify said Proprietors that they assemble at the House of Capt. Selah Hurler, Inholder in Salsbury, Massachusetts Bay, on the first Tuesday in September next, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning, first to chuse a Clerk for said Proprietors; also Assessors and Collectors as shall then be thought by said Proprietors needful; also a Committee to lay out the Township into Lots; and to lay out to any particular Person any Tract of Land in said Township as the Proprietors shall then order; also to assess the Rights in said Township with such sums of Money as will be sufficient to defray the part and arising Charge in procuring the Charter, laying out the Land, &c.—Also to settle the Accounts of what has already been expended on said Affair, and order Payment thereof. Also to agree on a Method for the calling Proprietors Meetings for the future.  
Given under my Hand the 6th Day of August 1763,  
Joseph Blanchard, Jus. Pacis.

On TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY Will be sold by Public Vendue (by special Order) At the New AUCTION-ROOM, Over Mr. Thomas Walley's Grocery Store &c. A great Variety of ARTICLES both New and Second Hand,—amongst which are fine Mullins, Jains, Buffins, very fine Threads, striped Silks, &c. &c. &c. A set of new Bedsteads, Beds, &c. A few Sets of New Books, BIBLES, &c. Sunday Looking-Glasses, Watches; a Time-Piece that goes well; handsome Pictures, &c. A Variety of SHOP GOODS just received in for public Sale.

TO-MORROW, at Half—after 3 o'Clock, the Sale is to begin, and continue until 7 o'Clock.—The same on WEDNESDAY to begin at Half—after 3—&c

ALL Persons that are indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Estate of Thomas Greene, Esq; late of Boston, Merchant deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts to Martha Greene, in order for a Settlement. N. B. Constant Attendance will be given at the Store lately improved by the deceased.

LOST, on Wednesday Evening last, between Water-Street in Boston, and the Town-Sign in Charlestown, a Stone Grid Buckle set in Silver; whoever has taken up the same and will leave it with the Printer, shall be well rewarded for their Trouble. Boston, August 15.



Stray'd from the Subscriber in June last, a dark brown Mare about 14 Harsh high, about seven Years old, trots none in the Bridle, a small Star in her Forehead, and branded with the Letter S on her left Thigh: Whoever will bring said Mare to Capt. Benjamin Haich in Wing's Lane, Boston, or to the Subscriber in Esplanade, shall have THREE DOLLARS Reward, and all necessary Charges paid by

JOSEPH CROCKER.  
Esplanade, August 13, 1763.  
N. B. Said Mare was purchas'd in Connecticut, and stray'd from Roxbury.

OFFICE OF ORDNANCE, Annapolis-Royal.

THE respective Officers of his Majesty's Ordnance do hereby give Publick Notice, that they are ready to contract with any Person or Persons for supplying them with Cash for the Payment of the Works carrying on there. The Contractor to be furnished with Bills of Exchange on the Honourable Board of Ordnance, and to furnish the Cash on the Spot at Annapolis-Royal, at his own Risque and Charge, at a certain Premium, and to be allowed a Month's Notice before such Cash is wanted.

ALSO, for supplying a Quantity of unstacked Lime in Hogheads; the Contractor to furnish it at the Ordnance Wharf at Annapolis-Royal, at his own Risque and Charge, at a certain Price per Hoghead, and to be allowed the whole Summer for supplying the Quantity which will be wanted the following Year.

ALSO for executing the Workmanship of a Quantity of Masonry both in Stone and Brick, chiefly in Stone, wrought in Mortar, at a certain Price per Rod of each kind, according to the Height and Thickness of the Walls, &c. All Materials to be furnished on the Spot the Contractor to make Mortar, Scaffolding, and find Mason's Labourers.

ANY Person or Persons willing to enter into either or all of the above Contracts are desired to signify the same with their Proposals, &c. to the respective Officers of his Majesty's Ordnance at Annapolis-Royal before the next Day of September next, who will give them any further Information they may require. The contracts will be preferred, but Security may be given for the Performance of Articles.

By Order of the respective Officers,  
MARKADUKE LAMONT.  
E. C.

Custom House Boston, Aug. 13.  
Entered In. Receipts from East End of Long-Island, Curris, Fleet and Parton from Martinique, Pills from Martinique and Grenada, Willard from Guadalupe, Patten from Venezuela, Hoyer, M'Farland, Witt and Rogers from Newfoundland, Allen from Louisbourg, M'Philly from Halifax.  
Cleared Out. Taylor for Connecticut, Orr for Maryland, M'Neal for Barbados, Venton for New York, Collier for Newfoundland, Colby for Spain.  
Outward Bound. Rodgers for Long Island, Derry for Africa, Allen for Kingston, Mann for H'nd, M'Philly & Deal for Halifax, M'Farland for Newfoundland, Davies for New Providence, Kennedy for

AS Mr. W.—has of late been the topic of conversation in all companies every one is eager to learn his most minute transactions, either in public or private life. Hardly any thing else is talked of but his committments, his engagements, his privilege, his letters; his speeches, his principles, and his popularity.—Much too has been said about his *stolen goods*, of which the following, it is said, are a part.

List of goods stolen from Great George-street, in absence of the lawful owner.

*Imprints*.—Several North Britons unfulfilled, some parts of which so bold and inflammatory that the famous No. 45 is no more to be compared to them than *I to Hercules*—One of them finished, and was wrote on occasion of a late dispute between four persons in high life.—The motto—"That Jemmy Twitcher should *scize* me, I own surprizes me."

*Secondly*.—Some prints, with *unnatural* figures, coloured from *nature*.—The lots of them is the more to be regretted, as there are none such to be procured in this country, and may probably occasion Mr. W.—to make another trip to Paris, as perhaps he cannot do without them.

*Thirdly*.—A packet of love epistles to Mr. W.—from ladies of the first fashion.—However some people may affect to ridicule the face and person of Mr. W.—, these letters intemperately prove, that his eyes have done some execution; and indeed their glances are directed in such a manner that it certainly can be no easy matter to part them.

*Fourthly*.—A silver candlestick. Though this, it must be confessed, would raise most money at the pawn-broker's, yet, Mr. W.—holds it cheap in, comparison of the foregoing articles.—Perhaps it is the only one of the whole parcel that will ever come to light.

*Fifthly*.—Several essays in manuscript. One "On the liberty of the press, with some practical rules to try how far it will go." Another, "On parties, with a full refutation of the vulgar maxim, that party is the madness of many for the gain of a few." A third, entitled, "An essay on government, or rules for misconduct, when Governor of Ca—."

**Advertisements.**

To be SOLD, or LETT on a LEASE of seven Years, on reasonable Terms,

**A Large Brick, commodious Dwelling-House,** situated in Queen-Street, wherein is a very genteel Hall, known by the Name of CONCERT-HALL—if said Hall is not convenient to the Purchaser, it is to be continued as to admit of its being (at a very small Expence) converted into four large Chambers, there being Windows fixed already for the upper Chambers.—N. B. A Bond with good Security, payable within seven Years will be taken for said House, if more agreeable to the Purchaser than paying ready money. For further Particulars inquire of STRANCK Dentons living in said House.

**Andrew Barclay,**

At his House opposite the Golden Clock in Marlborough-Street-Boston, Binds Books of all kinds, Gift and Plain, in the neatest and best Manner. Gentlemen in Town or Country may depend upon having their Work done with Fidelity and Dispatch.

To be sold at No. 11 on Hancock's Wharfe, Rum, Sugar, Wine, &c. Cheap for Cash by JOHN AYERS,

**JUST Arriv'd**

**St. George's Stone-Lime,** in Cases of above 100 Gallons, manufactured by Messieurs Dexter, Whipple, Briggs and Company, who will warrant the same to be good, and preferable to that sent from Providence to this Market. Those that may have Occasion for large or small Quantities, may be supplied at a very reasonable Rate, for Cash, or such other Pay as will suit, or on short Credit, by applying to said Company at St. Georges, or to DANIEL JONES Hat-maker in Boston.

N. B. These Persons who purchase any of the above Lime, and want to transport it by Water, may receive it out of a Store in Boston, direct on board their Vessels, and thereby save the Charge of Truchage.

Said Jones makes and sells by Wholesale and Retail, Beavers, Beaverets, and Callor WATS:—He has also an Assortment of HATTERS TRIMMINGS; English GOODS, among which are, double and single tuedd Cambrils, for Men's Cloaks, and Women's Riding-Hoods; black low priced figured Silks for Cardinals or Capuchins; most sorts of MOURNING, &c. &c. which will be sold at the very

To be sold, a likely Negro Man about 24 Years of Age, fit for a Gentleman, or take Care of a Stable. Inquire of Green and Russell.

**Whereas the Proprietors of the**

Township of West-Hoosick, in the County of Berkshire, at their Meeting legally warned the Nineteenth Day of April, A. D. 1762, called a Tax of One Penny to be laid on each Proprietor's Right, for defraying the necessary Charges of the said Township; and also the Proprietors have legally called upon not pay their Tax, yet the following Rights remain not paid.

No. of Houset. No. 1—12f. 24—12f. 30—12f. 41—12f. 4—12f. 16—12f. 30—12f. 49—12f. 8—12f. 22—12f. 31—12f. 50—12f.

THESE are therefore to notify the several Proprietors of said Township that have neglected to pay their Tax, that their Lands will be exposed to Sale at Publick Vendue to the highest Bidders, for so much of their Lands as will pay said Tax, and all intervening Charges. Said Vendue will be at the School-House in said Township, on Wednesday the thirtieth Day of November next, at ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, and so from Day to Day till the whole be sold, unless before that Time the Money be paid to Josiah Herford, Treasurer for said Property. Dated at West-Hoosick, July the 25th, A. D. 1763.

Samuel Kellogg, William Herford, Assessors, Jonathan Kibben, Assessor.

**Publick Notice is hereby given**

to the Proprietors of Sunderland, at a legal Meeting held in Pennalls, on the 11th Day of July, voted that Four Dollars should be laid on each Right to defray the Charges of laying out Part of said Township, and laying out Roads; and those that refuse to pay said Tax to Isaac Searl of West-Hoosick by the 4th Day of October next, will have their Lands put up to Sale at Publick Vendue at the House of William Searl in Arington in said Province, at One of the Clock in the Afternoon on said Day, by me

Isaac Searl, Collector.

Dated at West-Hoosick, July 29, 1763.

**WHEREAS the Proprietors of**

Arington in the Province of New Hampshire, at a legal Meeting held in Arington in said Province on the 11th Day of June 1763, voted a Tax of twenty Shillings Lawful Money on each Right or Share, to defray the Charges in said Township—Publick Notice is hereby given to the Proprietors that have not paid said Tax to pay the same to Isaac Searl, at West-Hoosick, Collector for said Proprietors by the 12th Day of October next; and those that refuse to pay their Tax will have their Lands sold on said Day, at the House of William Searl in Arington, at One of the Clock in the Afternoon, by me

Isaac Searl, Collector.

Dated at West-Hoosick, July 29, 1763.

**WHEREAS the Proprietors of**

Arington, in the Province of New-Hampshire, at a legal Meeting held in Pennalls in said Province on the 22d Day of October 1762, voted a Tax of four Spanish mill'd Dollars on each Proprietors Right or Share in said Arington, to defray the necessary Charges arising on said Proprietors for laying out Part of said Township.—Publick Notice is hereby given to the Proprietors that have not paid said Tax, to pay the same by the 12th Day of December next; and those that refuse or neglect the Payment will have their Lands put up to Sale at Publick Vendue, at the House of William Searl in Arington in said Province, at eight of the Clock in the Forenoon, by me

Isaac Searl, Collector.

Dated at West-Hoosick, July 29, 1763.

**Benjamin Ruffell,**

INFORMS his Customers and others, that he Undertakes PAPERING ROOMS and Stair-Cases in the best Manner, at a reasonable Rate.—Any Gentleman that has a mind to Employ him in the neighbouring Towns, may be serv'd by him (paying his Travelling Charges) at the same Rate as those in Boston.—Said Ruffell has a number of Window SASHES 6 or 8 Lights in a Window do Sell as cheaply for Cash,—they are made of the best of Pine.

To BE SOLD the Snow Brigs, burthen 120 Tons, now lying at Mr. Griffin's Wharf, it well found, and ready for the Sea: She is very suitable for the West-India or Straights Trade. For Particulars enquire of William Gould.

**The Proprietors of a Tract of**

Land lying at or near Broad-Bay in the County of Lincoln, lying in common and in no Township beginning at a Pine-Tree marked, or where the same formerly stood, in the western Branch of the said Bay; and thence running N. E. 5 Miles; and thence North-West by West 8 Miles; by each S. West 8 Miles; and from thence South East by East 8 Miles, to the Tree or Place where it first began, are hereby Notified to assemble at a Court at the Dwelling-House of David Martin, Inhabitant in Town, on Tuesday the sixth Day of September next, at Ten of the Clock Before-noon; Then and there to agree upon and order the admitting the Heirs of Capt. Jonathan Brown and others as Proprietors in common for their Claim within the said Tract; if they releasing to the Proprietors all the Lands by them claimed in severally under William Whiton and James Stiles by their Deed, dated the 27th Day of May, A. D. 1720, and appoint and empower one or more Person or Persons to transact that affair in the name of the Proprietors, and to order the whole or part of the said Tract of Land to be divided to and among the legal Representatives of the three Daughters of Alexander Gould and Margaret his Wife, in such Manner as shall then and there be thought most conducive to the general Interest of the whole Propriety, any former Vote of said Proprietors notwithstanding.

By Order of this Committee, NATHAN BOWEN, Clerk. Marblehead, July 23, 1763.

**Lately Imported from LONDON,**

And to be SOLD AT Mr. Edward Mecom's, Below Concert-Hall in Hanover-Street; Very neat Earings and Necklaces of all Colours, in the newest Taste; Stone Rings of all sorts; Stone Lockets; very neat Hair Pins; the most fashionable Stone Shoe, Knee, Neck and Shirt Buckles; very neat chard' and plain Pinchbeck Watches; Silver and Tortoiseshell ditto.

**To BE SOLD the Ship Neptune,**

burthen 130 Tons, as the new lays at Green's Wharf, also a new Ship ready to launch, burthen about 170 Tons: For further particulars inquire at the Store of Thomas Greene, where may be seen an Inventory of said Neptune's Stores. N. B. Said Greene has to sell choice Liverpool and Dorchester Ale, English Salt and Clovefish CHEESE. Money to be given for Playced at said Store.

**Choice Providence**

**Stone Lime,**

Just arriv'd, to be sold at Mr. Scollay's SHOP, near the Town-Dock.

Also a few Quintals of Best Dumb Fish

**The Best of Newcastle Quart.**

Bottles, to be sold by Arthur Savage & Co's.

On the Town-Dock, at L. 15 per Gro by the single Grofs or Ailo, Choice BOTTLED TEA, and most sorts of West-India Goods at a very low Price. They beg the favour of those Persons that have been long indebted to them, to discharge their Accounts, otherwise they will be sued to October Court without further Notice.

PROVIDENCE, May 18, 1763. Imported in the ships SHIP from LONDON & BRISTOL. And to be Sold (only for Ready Money).

**By James Green,**

At his Shop at the Sign of the ELEPHANT, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, At the very lowest Rates.

**A Large and compleat Assortment**

of Brazery and Cutlery Wares, with every kind of Goods made in Brass, Steel, Iron, Pewter, &c. Choice POWDER, shot, Flint, Window Glass, Pipes, &c. ALSO, a very large and full Assortment of English Piece Goods of every kind that can be made use of either in Town or Country, suitable for all Seasons, but more particularly for the approaching summer: At which Place may likewise be had, choice New-England and West India Rum, Molasses, Loaf and Brown Sugars, Cotton-Wool, Flax, choice Bohea Tea per the dozen or smaller Quantity, best Coffee, Chocolate, Indigo, Philadelphia Flour and Biscuit, Spices of all kinds, Glafs and Parthen-Ware, &c. &c. Said GREEN wants to buy a large Quantity of PEAK SHIP next ball, for which he will give the highest Price and pay Ready Money.