

# The BOSTON

# Evening-Post.



Containing the Freshest Advices,

Foreign and Domestick.

To the Publishers of the BOSTON EVENING-POST.

**B**OSTON is a Town justly filled the Metropolis of New-England, and the Ornament of it; the most religious and opulent town in the country, from whence has sprung many worthy men, & good patriots, who have ever been tenacious of their civil and religious privileges. It has at all times cautioned the country round about, at the approaching of the choice of a new representative body, to serve at the general court; to take care and chuse the best and wisest of public spirit; and have heretofore recommended it by their own example, also arguing convincingly the consequence thereof to the public. As it now draws near the time of electing a new house; the civility and well-wet of the argument on them; it has been offered for 2 or 3 years past, that there is a young blustering person, who has filled the country and got footing there; whom many are enamoured with, and have pushed him forward; whose superficial and specious promises of serving the public, has deluded the populace; that possibly some may think it real; but if any will seriously look into the scheme that he is pursuing it will soon appear a mere farce & juggle; and not possible to have any weight with the judicious. It is well known there was a time within a century or two past, that the Government was so wild and arbitrary, that by misapplications of the public monies, monopolies, illegal taxes, fines, imprisonments, and punishing conscientious men, &c. that the people generally complained in England; were it so now with us in this country, we should look upon (as they did) a favour to have such a man raised up amongst us as the renowned Mr. Pym, to assert our just rights and privileges; but now the government is mild and the people enjoy every thing they can reasonably desire under the protection of the laws and good rulers; then for a young upstart under pretence of patriotism to asperse the government, Lieut. Governor, Superior Judges, and the best of our military officers; yea, even to asperse the Council, & to be impertinent in the Lower House; whereof he was a member; and all this with a show of quaintship parliamentary liberty, and freedom of speech, when it was only a pretence and virtuous speaking, must be public spirited with a witness. If he seeks nothing for himself, he is an independent, he doesn't like a bishop, nor a churchman; should he be an agent, he values not the greatest of rulers; they have some imperfections in nature as well as spirits; the eye sight of one; the nature of another, the village and kin of a third, and so on even to their virtues and professions: All learning which is pedantry, but such as has been attained, Strange! that neither nature, art nor authority will please him. It is noted of a tyrant, that he kept a red exactly of such a length, and those who were too long let it be cut off; and such as were too short he stretched. If our plump, round-faced, smooth-skinned, horn neck, eagle-eyed politician, had the misfortune to live under such a tyrant, he must be stretched, especially his neck, to bring him in due proportion and decorum. But how mean and low must it be in a person that values himself for his parts and endowments, to mention such things as this *Hybris* has done? Did I say eagle-eyed? yes, and very justly too; for he has differed as great a stretch of the prerogative as ever the great Pym did in England in his time? And pray what is it? why his respecting the Governor's sending of the private Sloop a little beyond her proper limits to protect a few feeble fishermen; and his conduct respecting their pay: Oh what a crime! must this needs be, what a pressure upon the subject, what a burthen on the people? Tho' I believe this matter had never been investigated had Madam *Riva* been seated on the King's Bench: But its more agreeable with her genius to be wrangling at the bar; for tho' she has been lately advanced to the board, she still retains her Catfish nature, and keeps herself busy by continuing to catch the poor mice. — But I must leave the town of Boston to use their freedom; and it is to be hoped that both they and the country will avoid such men that would fain be glorious by contending glory; for (as one saith) a selfish and ambitious man is never better guided, than by wandering in unusual ways.

As this *Speech-maker* has a relish for poetry, I shall conclude by leaving with him a couple of verses

taken from different authors, and if he don't like them he may rake back the fire and bury them up as he did his book.

*Fifth.*  
I will not you aggrive, my friend,  
nor any more provoke,  
I'll sell an answer should receive,  
as if the D—'ll spoke.

*Second.*  
He falls, he fluctuates, he founds; & then he breaks,  
And scatters a length with much ado, then out, he

**LONDON, February 11.**  
The following anecdote of the French councils was written by a great officer in that service, to a certain great personage at the Hague, where it has been privately circulated: At the return of the Duke de Broglio to Paris, the Duke de Choiseul, in council, demanded an account of the progress of the campaign. The Marshal replied, "That I cannot give you, for I have lost my journal; but, if you ask Prince Ferdinand, he'll tell you." The Duke de Choiseul then said, "We must choose another commander." "Who shall we choose?" (said the French King) "Sire, (returned the Duke de Broglio) your Majesty must ask that also of Prince Ferdinand, he is the best judge, for he has beat us all round." — This conversation is said to have been a principal cause of the Marshal's disgrace.

*Extrait of a letter from the Hague, Nov. 1761.*  
Since the Preliminary Articles of Peace have been published in our Gazettes, we begin to understand what was inconceivable to us before. We perceive all the contracting Parties have been in a violent hurry to make peace. The inducements to it, on the part of France and Spain, are clear enough; but how England could so readily agree, to such terms, is past our comprehension. We cannot suppose that the courts of Versailles and Madrid did bind the bargain with a *volupte* consideration; nor imagine that such a brave people as the British nation, could be wheedled or pulled into a peace by any *neutral* power; because we don't know of any such power that might have been brought over to their interest upon solid and reasonable terms. Why then, are we to account for this extraordinary phenomenon in politics? Must we call it a *generous* story, or shall we say, *Quo Deus vult perdere, corrumpit*. Indeed we don't know what to make of it; but of this we are certain, that *Dutchmen*, after such a successful and glorious war, would have made a better peace.

A Gentleman very lately passing thro' the Duchy of Luxemburg, reports, that a certain *Adieu, teneo* is now here, at the castle of a certain great nobleman, who is his uncle, by marriage; that he lives there in a remarkable quiet manner, and that he is said to be not entirely in his senses. He tells his reports, that he one day met with him near this castle, in a wood, on a shooting party, his two servants were in very rich liveries, one of them riding on each hand of him, both carrying a gun, which he alternately took and discharged, whenever he discovered any game."

A very great alteration is soon expected in the system of affairs in the Empire of Germany; all the Circles and Allies of the House of Austria exclaim bitterly against the Court of Vienna, for entering into a suspension of arms with the King of Prussia during the winter, without including them, by which the Prussians, by their extravagant contributions, have ruined a great number of their inhabitants, and may be the means of the seat of war being brought into their country, on which account they are determined to solicit the King of Prussia for a neutrality.

A branch of the Legislative Power has been ordered to be given to the Count de la Lippe Suckeburg, for his many eminent services, not only in Germany, but during the time of his having the command of the Allied army in Portugal.

Some of the regiments of foot on the English and Irish Establishments, will be so far reduced, as only to retain ten of the youngest men in every company, who are to be incorporated into such regiments as are to be totally kept on foot.

We hear that the trial of those who were concerned in the scheme of the rock lane ghost, is now preparing for the press, under the inspection of some eminent council concerned in the cause, and that the whole will speedily be published for the satisfaction of the public.

Feb. 17. Tuesday evening Richard Neville, Alderworth, Esq; Secretary to the Embassy, to His Most Christian Majesty, arrived in London, with the definitive Treaty, which was signed at Paris, on Thursday the 10th instant.

The division of the Money taken at the Havanna afforded great discontent; and it is a wide disparity if one Comander is to have 70,000, and his share; while a subaltern has only 80 l., and 21. 10s. is all that comes to private men, is not this making one man as valuable as near 30,000; and making the lives of so many as equivalent only to one?

On Monday Sir Charles Saunders was knighted by his Majesty at St. James's, he being abroad when the Order of the Bath was sent to him. All Knights of this Order are made Knights by his Majesty on their creation, if at home, and if not, the first time they come to St. James's after their arrival.

A letter has been sent to the Lord Mayor from the Earl of Egremont, Secretary of State with the News that the Treaty was signed.

It is said his Majesty intends going in state to St. Paul's Cathedral, upon the general thanksgiving for Peace.

Feb. 10. It is said, that just before the definitive Treaty was signed, the Duke of Bedford, had actually discharged a messenger, with an account of his intending shortly to return home, because the French Court had refused to comply with the terms of the Treaty; but that the messenger was, at the request of the French King, sent for back; who had thereupon called a Council, and notwithstanding the protest of his Council he immediately signed the definitive Treaty agreeable to the terms of our Court.

It is said a proclamation will be speedily issued for proclaiming peace the 1st of next month.

*Extrait of a Letter from Paris.*  
We are assured that our Court will deliver up to the King of Prussia, with the consent of the Emperor, Weel and the other places of Prussian Guelders; but on condition that the Circle of Westphalia and the Austrian low Countries shall be regarded as neutral in the present conjuncture.

A private Letter from Germany by the last Mail advises, that a Treaty of Peace was signed, the 2d Inst; by which the Duchy of Cleves, as far as the Side of the Banks of the Rhine, is to be given to the Emperor, in lieu of which Lusatia, and the two Principalities of Upper Silesia, are to be yielded to the King of Prussia.

Whitell, Feb. 10. Tuesday night Richard Neville, Esq; Secretary to his Majesty's Embassy at the Court of France, is fixed with the definitive Treaty of Peace, signed at Paris on Thursday the 10th instant by his grace the Duke of Bedford, and Duke de Pralin, and the Marquis de Grimaldi; ambassadors extraordinary, and plenipotentiaries on the part of his Majesty the most Christian King, and the Catholic King: To which Mr. Mello, ambassador, and minister plenipotentiary of his most Faithful Majesty, (of Portugal) acceded the same day.

Forty of the French Barges for British Ships.

BY THE KING'S AUTHORITY.

To our dear and well beloved Cousin Louis John Mary of Bourbon, Duke of Penthièvre, Admiral of France; to Vice Admirals, Lieutenants and Generals of our Naval forces, Chiefs of Squadrons, Captains commanding out, ships, and those of our ships arrived on a cruise; Governors of our ports, Captains Guard-ships, Governors of our towns and maritime places; Majors, Consuls, and their Deputies, Lieutenants of the Admiralty; and all others our Officers and Subjects whom it shall concern; Greeting, Having permitted Captain Commander of the ship navigated with you, men, of the burden of tons, to go from to and being our intention that she may make her voyage in safety; notwithstanding what is said in one of the Preliminary Articles of Peace, according to which, prizes made during the term of three months, are deemed good in the rout the said ship is going; Wherefore it is our will, and we command you, to let her pass at liberty and in safety, without giving her any trouble or hindrance whatsoever; but on the contrary, favour, help, and assist in case of need; for such is our pleasure.

Given at Versailles, the 22d day of November, 1762. LOUIS, By the King's Authority.  
The Duke of Choiseul.  
Underigned by the Duke of Penthièvre.

ON a complaint made to the King of England by the Duke de Choiseul, that a frigate in the service of the East India Company, provided with a passport from his Britannic Majesty, and bound to the Isle of France with dispatches, had been looted by an English vessel, and carried into Plymouth, under pretence that she ought to have had a pass from the Admiralty of England; the Court of London ordered the vessel to be discharged, and left the punishment of the Captain who detained her, to the King of France; his Majesty referred it to the Duke de Choiseul, and the Duke has left it to be decided by the East India Company.

Hague, Feb. 19. His Excellency Sir Joseph Yorke, the British Minister received lately a Courier from Germany, with the News that a Peace is actually signed between the Courts of Vienna, Berlin, and Dresden.

L O N D O N, February 17.

They write from Toulon, that they are getting ready two ships of the line and a frigate, to take on board the troops at Minorca, and then deliver up that Island to the English.

The definitive treaty was signed at the Duke of Bedford's house in Paris, the other plenipotentiaries having repaired thither, on the account of his Grace being ill of the gout.

At this conjuncture, the superstition of the Portuguese may be so complacient to the British, the only friends they have on earth, who are residents on their island of Madeira, as to grant them liberty to enter their boat on shore, and not (denying them that humble boon as they have ever done heretofore, to those who are not of their communion) carry them out in a boat, guarded by soldiers, and throw them into the sea, a league from the shore! It is a pity and a shame, that this disgrace has not been removed long ago.

We are informed that a Captain of a man of war of considerable force, lately paid off, was since met by some of the sailors formerly belonging to the ship, who, in revenge for the ill usage they had received from him, actually cut off both his ears.

Letters from Paris advise, that on Thursday night, among many other elegant illuminations there on account of the definitive treaty being signed, was one adorned with the British arms, and under it in capitals; *Long live the Duke of Bedford.*

We hear that Sir Edward Hawke, for the eminent and never-to-be-forgotten services he did his country, in destroying, and rendering useless so great a part of the French navy in November 1759, and thereby freeing the Kingdoms, from the terrors of a powerful invasion; and Sir George Pococke, for the distinguished services he did his country in the East-Indies; and in the conquest of the Havannah, are both to be made Peers of Great-Britain.

From Paris we have the following account of the capture of the Basilkiss bomb by the Ajacidesius privateer of Bayonne, of 18 guns and 170 men, viz. that on the 29th of October, on the Banks of Newfoundland, she fell in with the Basilkiss, which carried 18 guns and 60 men. The engagement began with great vivacity; the Basilkiss's men-mass was soon carried away; most of her hands; and the Captain himself was wounded; but that instead of yielding, he was seen with a drawn sword, daring the Ajacidesius's men, and exhorting his men rather to die, than flink. The two vessels soon after grappled, and the engagement became more hot than ever. At last the English Captain, being no longer able to keep the deck, the French made themselves masters of the ship. Above half the Basilkiss's company were wounded: She had dispatches on board from Admiral Pocock at the Havannah.

Feb. 21. Yesterday the Right Hon. the Earl of Huntingdon took the oaths in the House of Peers, to qualify him for Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

The 8th regiment (Amhruther's) will be ordered from America and plac'd on the Irish establishment. The Hampshire man of war, convoy to the Jamaica fleet, arrived at Portsmouth on Tuesday with part of the fleet.

Feb. 22. On Tuesday last an officer arrived at Amsterdam from the King of Prussia, with advice of the preliminaries of peace being signed by the King of Prussia and the Queen of Hungary. It is said the King of Prussia is to have both the Silesias, Glatz, and Lutatia; in exchange for which the Queen of Hungary is to have Cleves, &c.

A private letter from Vienna of the 15th inst. says that just then they had received certain advice, that the peace between the Empress Queen and the Kings of Prussia and Poland was actually concluded.

Letters from Paris say, that Peace will be proclaimed there some day in the month of March.

It is said that Peace will be proclaimed about the middle of next month, in London.

Sunday Lord Albemarle arrived at Spithead, in the Rippon man of war from the Havannah.

On Saturday Morning a Courier arrived with the agreeable News, that the Peace between the Empress Queen and the Courts of Prussia and Saxony, was actually sign'd and published at that Place.

The Marquis of Granby's letter of thanks to the British forces in Germany.

Monday, Jan. 1. LORD Granby has hoped to have had in his power to have seen and taken his leave of the troops, before his embarkation for England; but a severe illness having detained him at Warburgh, and his present state of health obliging him to take another rout, he could not leave this country without this publick testimony of his entire approbation of their conduct since he has had the honour of commanding them.

"These sentiments naturally call for his utmost acknowledgments; he therefore returns his warmest thanks to the Generals, Officers, and private Men, composing the whole British corps, for the bravery, zeal, discipline and good conduct he has constantly experienced from every individual; and his most particular and personal thanks are due to them for their ready obedience, upon all occasions, to such orders as his station obliged him to give.

"His best endeavours have always been directed to their good, by every means in his power; and he has the satisfaction to think he has some reason to flatter himself of their being convinced, if not of the efficacy, at least of the sincerity of his intentions; if he may judge by the noble return their behaviour has made him; a behaviour that, while it fills him with gratitude, has endear'd them to their King and country, and cover'd them with glory and honour.

"Highly sensible of their merit, he shall continue while he lives, to look upon it as much his duty, as it will forever be his inclination, to give them every possible proof of his affection and esteem; which he should be happy to make as apparent as their valour has been, and will be conspicuous and exemplary to their after-ages."

Extract of a letter from Paris, Feb. 12.

"The majority of our council had very nigh overturned all the articles of the salutary work of peace; when the King being informed by his minister of their proceedings, and at the same time urg'd to accept of the generous terms the King of Great-Britain offered him, and that if he did not it would ruin his people, the King ordered the treaty to be brought to him, when he immediately sign'd it, without any other ceremony, to the great joy of the publick in general."

A necessitous Barber, observing a quantity of white gunpowder, and imagining it to be powder for the hair, took an opportunity of removing it; and at an assembly at Lyons in France, a gentleman at the card-table, whose wig had been unfortunately powder'd with it, leaning too near a candle, the powder took fire, blasted the company terribly, and by the sudden contraction and distortion of the features, gave them a most ridiculous appearance, which they are likely to carry to their graves; the gentleman's head was burnt in such a manner, that only a small part of the cartilaginous substance of the ears remained, and the skin of the head and back part of the neck peeled off entirely, and the features of the skull were as plainly to be discovered as a skeleton. It is said he is since dead.

Feb. 22. It is said Richard Neville, Esq; who brought over the Definitive Treaty, received from the King a present of £.500, and that it was ratified by his Majesty last Wednesday.

We are inform'd that every thing in the East-Indies, was settled to the entire satisfaction of both nations.

We hear that we are to remain in possession of Martinique and Guadeloupe 3 months longer, from the 1st of April, and to have some other considerable advantages for 3 months longer after that, till the 1st of October.

The Marquis of Granby being fatigued with his journey, did not wait on the King till yesterday; he was most graciously received, and continued for some time in conference with his majesty.

The following Popish miracle is taken from the Amsterdam Dutch Courant of the 2d instant. "They write from France of the 28th ult. tht four young men and four young women were dancing country dances at an inn at Solons, the Hof was carried by the door to a sick person; the young men kneeled down and paid their adoration, but the young girls kept dancing on; that it was asserted there, that for their irreligion, in not paying devotion to the venerable Hof, they still continued dancing when the account came away, which had made them 60 lean, that they looked more like skeletons then living creatures."

Several Letters from different Parts of Germany, give positive Accounts that the Ratifications of the Peace sign'd by the Empress Queen arrived at Lipsick the 1st Instant, and that on the 14th the Peace between the said Queen, and the Kings of Prussia & Poland was proclaimed at Lipsick.

Thursday last a Set of Gentlemen waited on a great Man at the West End of the Town, to know what Sums would be requisite for the present Year; and were answered, That, not any were wanted, as the Affairs stood now; but that if they should change, they should be made acquainted with it. This is very extraordinary, and very true.

Feb. 28. They write from Bristol, that an Ap

belonging to a sailor, seeing his wife washing her child in warm water, observed her diligently, and in the mother's absence took the child out of the cradle, and sitting water over the fire, when it was hot strip the child naked, and wash'd it therewith until it died.

By the peace concluded in Germany, it's said all Silesia, and the county of Glatz, are guaranteed to his Prussian Majesty, which is all he ever contended for. He would have made peace upon the same terms two years ago.

The King of Prussia will now be looked upon by all the world as the HERO of the age; and will doubtless be a principal arbiter of Europe. How will this history astonish future ages when they read, that the Empress of Russia, the Queen of Hungary, the Kings of France and Sweden, and the Elector of Saxony, had laid a deep and premeditated scheme to destroy him, and to divide his country among them, and that notwithstanding their troops were joined by the whole army of the Empire, as well by the troops of Austria and Bohemia, yet his Prussian Majesty, by his conduct and intrepidity, baffled all their efforts, and obliged those powers to sheath their swords in the year 1763, and to leave him in actual possession of that very country on account of which he was to have been unjustly destroyed.

An account of the prize goods taken at the Havannah and brought home in the fleet:

5841 chests of sugar	5923 pieces logwood
3384 serons } cocoa	2003 ditto fustick
3 talks	76 ditto timber
190 serons jessuits bark	8 cedar plank
8363 hides in the hair	4876 serons fluff
3928 tanned ditto	7 serons cochineal
475 bales of tobacco	2 casks tortois shell

To the value of upwards of 300,000 l.

Newcastle, Feb. 12. The following we hear are the contents of a FIVE lately made at Lowther-Hall in Westmorland, and drawn up to London by two waggon horses as a present to a certain great personage:—4 Geese, 4 tame Ducks, 4 Turkeys, 4 Fowls, 1 wild Goose, 6 wild Ducks, 3 Teals, 2 Starlings, 12 Partridges, 1 Woodcock, 2 Guinea-Cocks, 3 Snipes, 6 Plovers, 3 Water Hens, 6 Widgeons, 1 Curlew, 1 Sparrow, 2 Goshawks, 2 Larks, 3 Thrushes, 1 Fieldfare, 3 Pidgeons, 4 Blackbirds, 20 Rabbits, 1 Leg of veal, half a Ham, 40 bushels of Flour, and 2 Stone of butter. The Type weighed 22 Stone.

Extract of a letter from Gibraltar, dated Dec. 20.

"Some time since a floop called La Virgin de Milericordia, Capt. Manuel Ignacio de Iturade, bound from Cadix to the Canaries, was taken by his Majesty's ship Quebec and brought into this port, where shee condemned as a prize; and her cargo is just unloaded, which chiefly consists of boxes, cases and trunks; and several bureaux; all well packed, as if they contained goods of value; but upon examining them (which has been done in the presence of many of the concerned) they are found to be mostly false packages, and supposed to be calculated to defraud Insurers in different places; several of the boxes, &c. contain nothing but stones. The floop is about 40 tons burthen. There was on board of her when taken, one Isaac Taxil, a Swiss, who was said to be owner and supercargo, and lived at Cadiz; and by some papers that have been found, it appears, that there have been Insurances made at Marfelles, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Cadiz and other places. Some chests, on opening, had the appearance of sailstun, but proved to be craped logwood, with oil and some saffron mixed, to make the first appearance resemble sailstun."

CHARLES-TOWN, South-Carolina, March 26.

Wednesday last we received the disagreeable news from Georgia, that on the 28th instant his Majesty's ship the Epreux, commanded by Peter Blake, Esq; going up to Savannah from Clockpur, struck on Cockspur Point, and the wind blowing very hard at night, the filled and bulged, so that the people were obliged to quit her next morning and gave her over, as entirely lost. But a letter, since received, gives some hopes that the may still be saved.

The Frenchman lately delivered up, by Mr. Sumter, to Lieut. Charles Taylor, commandant at Fort Prince-George, Keehowee, we hear, is a Canadian born, well acquainted with seven Indian languages, and has made some progress in that of the Cherokees; he pretends, that he abandoned his own country, and took sanctuary in that of the Cherokees, & that he is an officer; but he has no commission to produce, and prevaricates much in all he says; in short he appears to be every way qualified for an incendiary, and very capable of doing mischief: If the Great-Warrior had been in the nation, 'tis thought Mr. Sumter would not have been suffered to bring him now; The leading men of the Over-Hills towns now pretend, that they delivered up the Frenchman, and on that account claim a trade. A report has been circulated in the nation, that upon the Great-Warrior's return from Mobile and New-Orleans, they are to have two French forts, one of them at Toquoh, the other at Hywallim.—The Young

Warrior of Edatowh-behows admirably well, and all the Indians of the Lower-Towns do the same except when they get run from the settlements.—

The Frenchman above-mentioned, we hear is ordered down; and yesterday a small party was sent from hence to meet that from Prince-George.

Yesterday arrived here Capt. Cadle, in 7 days from the Hayannah, who brings no other publickness, than that transports were arrived there from Jamaica to carry off the British troops; and it was expected they would be ready to take by the end of May.

**NEW-YORK, April 25.**

The Duke of Cumberland Packet Boat, Capt. Goodrich, with the New-York Mail, arrived at Falmouth the 2d of March last. Another Packet is expected here from England in a few days, which no doubt will bring the Copy of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, none of the Articles of which, that we can find, had been made Publick when the last Advice, brought by Capt. Bonderslon, were sent from London. It is almost certain that the Treaty of Peace between the Empress Queen, and the Kings of Prussia and Poland has been concluded, tho' we have no particular, nor authoritative Account of it, and we have the greatest Reason to expect a general Peace between all the Powers in Europe.

Wednesday arrived a Ship and a Sloop from the Hayannah. The Sloop Capt. Folger, we hear has brought in with her Capt. Gilbert, and the Men-telity belonging to the Ship Albania, bound from Jamaica to London, and cast away on the Coast of Florida, where the Men got on shore and were taken off by Capt. Folger, but could take Nothing from the Wreck.

The Prices of Flour and all sorts of Provisions we hear are, to extremely low in the West-Indies, that they will not sell for the full Cost.

Sir Jeffrey Amherst has appointed Major Robert Rogers, Captain of one of the New York-Independent companies, in the room of Captain Coventry, who has resigned; and given Lieut. Calder, of the Royal Americans, the Independent company at South Carolina.

The latter End of February last, 7 Spanish Men of War, and 4 French, sailed from Teneriffe; the latter for Martinico, and the former for the Hayannah and South Seas.

The Harriott Packet sails with the Mails for Falmouth, on Wednesday next.

Capt. Tuder arrived here on Friday night from the Hayannah, which he left the 5th inst. in company with the Grenada and Thunder bombs bound home, & Capt. Tolmie bound hither. They soon parted with the Grenada, and off the 9th Feb. with a ship and schooner on shore; off Cape Florida, when the Thunder bore down to their assistance. The night following both Tolmie and himself were forced by the current on a reef, when the former was obliged to throw over one part of her ballast, and the latter 6 guns and part of her cargo, before they could get off. Capt. Tuder lost his boy's spirit, in lat. 30. in a high wind and sea.

**BOSTON, May 2.**

Extract of a Letter from Martinico, March 30. "A Man of War is just arrived from England, which brings us the News of the Peace being sign'd the 14th of February. The Marquis de Flandin is appointed Governor of these Islands. The French Troops will be here in two Months, and the English will not be allowed to introduce any Thing afterwards that will have but five Months longer to get in their Bibles."

We hear from Scituate, that on Wednesday the 20th of last Month, there was a Council of ten Churches convened by their Elders and Delegates, for the Ordination of the Rev. Mr. Ebenezer Grosvenor, jun. of Pontiret in Connecticut, whom the first Church in that Town had with great Unanimity chosen for their Minister. The Rev. Mr. Wales of Marshfield opened the Solemnity with Prayer; the Rev. Mr. Dunbar of Stoughton preached a suitable Sermon on the Occasion from 1 Cor. ii. 17. For we are not to know which corrupt the Word of God; the Rev. Mr. Gay of Hingham, Prayed and gave the Charge; the Rev. Mr. Silles of Woodstock prayed after the Charge; the Rev. Mr. Smith of Weymouth gave the Right Hand of Fellowship, and the new ordained Pastor read the Psalm and read it, and also gave the Blessing. There was not the least Appearance of those Disorders and Extravagances which have heretofore been common on those Days; the Advice and Recommendation of the Convention of Ministers to the Churches on such Occasions, was in a Manner literally observed by all Ranks and Orders of Men; and we hope will be a Pattern and Example to all future Ordinations.

We hear that some of the principal inhabitants of Holme's-Hole have lately taken an Account of the Number of Vessels which have passed through Martha's Vineyard Sound, and found that in one Month, viz. from the 11th of March last, to the 11th of April, there were Three Hundred and Twenty Sails, besides 7 Sails in the Harbour.

We hear from Cumberland, in Rhode-Island Government, that Mr. Isaac Smith, about 21 Years of Age, going to Bed not well, complained in the Night

to his Companion that he could not sleep by reason of the Noise in the House, and soon after got up, open'd a Window in the Room, and leaped himself out, where he was found dead towards Morning.

And from Gloucester, in the same Government, we hear that a Saw-Mill belonging to Mr. John Fenner, was lately consumed by Fire.

Last Tuesday Capt. Hardin arrived at Newport in 21 Days from Grand-Terre, and informs, that he left there the Captains Oliver and Symmes of this Place; Gardner & Hooper of Marblehead; Smith and Bradford of Cape Anne; and Moffet, and 3 more belonging to the Eastward.

An Account had been received at Barbados, that the Dutch Settlement of Barbados, was lately surprized and cut off by the Negroes, who massacred all the Inhabitants. Express had been dispatched to St. Lucia, and other Dutch Places, with an account of this shocking Event.

Last Friday we might find at Killingsworth in Connecticut, the Rev. Mr. Jared Elliot, Pastor of the first Church in that Place.

Yesterday arrived here a Brig, Capt. Morrison, in 7 Weeks and 3 Days from Glasgow, but has bro't no later News than what we have already received by the Packet arrived at New-York. Capt. Mac Farland in a Brig which sailed from this Port the 5th of February, was arrived at Newry in Iceland.

A Proposal is now on Foot, for settling a very extensive Colony upon the finest Part of the Ohio, which is to be called **NEW WATERS**, in Honor of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, who is to be his Proprietor of the Colony. The Number of Families proposed to form the first Settlement are 4000; who are to Rendezvous at Philadelphia, and march from thence in two Divisions; they are to compose two Cities or Towns, for the more convenience of laying out the Land round each.

**THE Quarterly Meeting of the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge among the Indians of North America, will be held next Thursday at 3 o'Clock P.M. at the Court-House in Boston, in the Representatives Chamber, of which the Members are desir'd to take Notice. The Society's Officers for the Year are to be then chosen, pursuant to their Charter.**

**RAN away from his Master, Mr.**

John Amet, last Thursday Night, a Negro Fellow named *Pier*: He had on when he went away a cloth-colored Coat, lined and trimm'd with Red, a black Broad-cloth Waistcoat, without sleeves, & a Pair of yellow Leather Breeches, a large Pair of Silver Buckles, and a good Beaver Hat; he is thick-fellow, with very large Legs and Feet, and speaks good English, and French. Whoever will take up and return said Negro, shall have **TWO DOLLARS** Reward and all necessary Charges paid.

All Matters of Vessels and others are hereby cautioned against concealing or carrying off said Negro as they would avoid the Penalty of the Law.

Boston, April 30. 1763.

**A very good and burthenfom Schooner of about 80 Tons, completely fitted. Enquire of the Printers.**

**ALL Persons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Estate of John Manser, late of Scituate, Mariner, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts to John Colman and Aleriam Manser, of said Scituate, Administrators, on said Estate, in order for a speedy Settlement.**

**To be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE,**

for the Benefit of the Insurers, on WEDNESD A Y next, the 4th Instant, at 10 o'Clock in the Fore-part of the Royal-Exchange Tavern in King-Street:

**Sundry damaged GOODS** lately imported from Bristol, in the Brig *Swift*, Capt. *Tozer*, viz. Irish Linens, scarlet, crimson & drab coloured Broad-cloths, Kerseys, Hairbines, Florettas, Cambletons & Camblets, worsted Damasks, Durants & Tammies, sewing Silks, English Duck, sundry Hoops of Tin Plates, Cuffs of Nails, Cutlery and Hardware, a Box of Prussian Blue, Verdigrise, &c.

Which damaged Goods, may all be viewed the Day before the Sale begins, at Messrs Rhodes and Parker's Store, on Dyer's Wharf. J. G.

**At the British Coffee-House.**

On Thursday next the 5th Instant, will be sold (for the Benefit of the Insurers) by public Auction, at 4 o'Clock P. M.

**SUNDRY** damag'd **GOODS**, lately imported from Bristol, in the Brig *Swift*, Captain *Tozer*, viz. Irish Linens, scarlet, blue, drab coloured & crimson Broad-cloths, Kerseys, Drapery Baise, Peniflons, Half-thicks, striped Duffels, Worsted Hoze and Caps, Bed-Ticks, English Duck, White Lead Spanish Brown, Frying Pans, Nails of sundry Forces. N. B. The above-mentioned Goods may be seen the Morning before the Sale at Mr. John Hurd's Store on Oliver's Deck.

**Choice Providence STONE LIME,** just arrived, to be Sold at Mr. SCOLLAY'S Shop near the Town-Dock, Boston.

**UNBLESSED,** [Price One Shilling.] And so be Sold by T. & J. FLETCHER, in Cornhill; and GREEN & RUSSELL, in Queen-Street.

**CONSIDERATIONS on the Institution and Conduct of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.**

By **EAST APTHORP, M. A.** MISSIONARY AT CAMBRIDGE.

**THIS DAY PUBLISHED,** (Consisting of 176 Pages in Octavo, stitched in blue Paper. Price Half a Dollar.)

Sold by *Nicholas & Samuel Draper* in Newbury Street, *Thomas & John Fleet* at the Heart and Crown in Cornhill, and *Elder & Gill* in Queen-Street.

**OBSERVATIONS on the Charter and Conduct of the Society for propagating the Gospel in foreign Parts; Shewing their Non-Consistency to each other. With Remarks on the Mistakes of East Apherp, M. A. Missionary at Cambridge in Quoting, and Representing the Sense of his CHARTER, &c.** As also various incidental Reflexions relative to the CHURCH of ENGLAND, and the State of Religion in North America, particularly in New-England.

By **JONATHAN MAYHEW, D. D.** Pastor of the West Church in Boston.

**TO BE SOLD,** By **SAMUEL WILLIAMS, of Salem;**

**A Farm lying in the North Parish of Danvers,** within one Mile of Mr. Clark's Meeting House; and within 5 Miles of Salem, containing between 70 & 80 Acres of good Land well water'd & wooded, with a large double House, and Barn on it, for further particulars enquire of said Williams.

**The PORTSMOUTH Flying Stage-Coach**

is now finished, which will carry Six Persons inside; runs with Four or Six Horses; each Person to pay 1/3s. 6d. Sterling to Portsmouth, and 9s. to Newbury. — Sets out from the **THREE GRANES** in Chelmsford every Friday Morning, between 6 and 7 o'Clock, goes to Newbury to Portsmouth — and sits out every Tuesday from Portsmouth to Boston, and will put up at Inns on the Road, where good Entertainment and Attendance are provided for the Passengers in the Coach. The Subscriber, Master of said STAGE COACH, is to be spoke with from Wednesday till the afternoon till Thursday Night, at Mr. WHITNEY'S, the Sign of the LIGHT-HOUSE at the North-End of Boston.

**Bartholomew Stavers.**

All Baggage, Bundles, &c. will be carried, and Business transacted once in a Week from Boston to Portsmouth, at a reasonable Rate. — As this is convenient and gentle Way of Travelling, and greatly cheaper than hiring Carriages or Horses; it is hoped that Gentlemen and Ladies will encourage the same, by favouring said STAVERS with their Custom.

Port of BOSTON, April 30. 1763.

ENTERED IN, **Schooner Mercury, Burroughs,** } from Connecticut. **Sloop Lily, Squier,** } **Jolly Robin, Pierce,** } **Ranger, Nichols, from Rhode Island.** **Schooner Industry, Unger,** } from North Carolina. **Sloop Defiance, Delano,** } **Dolphin, Whitmarsh,** } **Lucy, Decker, from Halifax.** **Britannia, Teruggen, from Maryland.** **Schooner Penobscot, Hatch, from Philadelphia.** **Betsy, Fuller, from New- York.** **Sloop Drummond, Aikin, and** } from **Keppele's Odiorne,** } Virginia.

**OUTWARD-BOUND.**

**Schooner, Mercury, Burroughs,** } for **Sloop Lily, Squier,** } Connecticut. **Jolly Robin, Pierce,** } **Schooner Margaret, Freeman, for Louisbourg,** **Ship Girize, Crawford, for Virginia.**

**CLEARED-OUT.**

**Sloop Nancy, Barrett,** } for **Tepner, Jennings,** } Connecticut. **Defiance, Sturgis, for Rhode Island.** **Schooner Briton, Colman, and** } for **Endavour, Grow,** } North Carolina. **Sloop Success, Miltlet,** } **Snow Two Friends, Reid, and** } for **Schooner Greyhound, Hall,** } Philadelphia. **Hope, Rand, for Martinico;** **Sloop Polly, Brockway, for South Carolina.** **Ref, Bartlett, for Quebec.** **Schooner Polly, Colner, and** } for **Sloop Delight, Doyle,** } New-Yfoundland. **Two Friends, Lillie, for West Indies.**

**J. Adinò Raddocky,**  
*Ship-Shop in Gordon Street, near the Green, where  
 all sorts of Travelling Trunks, Cases, &c. are made.*  
 Sells Livery Lace of all Colours, for  
 Seavants or Chaises; Wroughted Reins, Bras Nails,  
 and all sorts of Chaise Furniture. — Nails-foot Oil.

**ANY Gentleman wanting a likely  
 general HORSE,** that both trots and paces exte-  
 mely early, and will go well in a Carriage, may hear of  
 one to be sold, by enquiring of the Printers.

**PUBLIC Notice** is hereby given  
 That the Time for holding the FAIR in the Town  
 of **HARTFORD**, in the County of **Worcester**  
 (agreeable to an Act of the General Court) is on the  
*Thurs. Wednesday and Friday of May*, next,  
 being the 18th and 19th Days of said Month.

**A well-built Ship upon the Stocks,**  
 which may be launched in three Weeks, of the fol-  
 lowing Dimensions, 66 Feet Keel, 24 Feet Beam,  
 12 Feet 6 Inches Hold, and 4 Keel 4 Inches between  
 Decks. For further Particulars enquire at the  
 Shop of **JOHN S. O. B. D.**

**A Farm about 4 Miles from  
 Boston,** containing about twenty Acres of choice  
 Land, with Dwelling House, thereon, with two  
 Orchards that make between 20 and 30 Barrels of  
 Cyder, and is well able to rear of English Hay  
 per Year, plainish situated for a Gentleman to  
 build a Country Seat. For further Particulars  
 enquire of **JOHN S. O. B. D.**

**A strong healthy Mullatto Female  
 Slave,** who understands Cookery and Household  
 Business. Enquire of the Printers.

**A NEGRO MAN** that understands  
 both Town and Country Business. Enquire of  
 the Printers.

**Imported from the Island of Barbadoes 20 Hens from  
 the Island of Barbadoes, to be sold  
 by Charles Ruffell.**

**A choice Assortment of Drugs and  
 Medicines,** Chymical and Galenic, among which  
 are *Waller's Balsam of Life, Jackson's Ditto,  
 Genuine Mexican's Balsam Drops, Besson's Balsam  
 Oil of Sassafras and Jackson's Pills, Dr. Hooper's  
 Female Pills, Jackson's Cordial Bitter, Stoughton's Ditto,  
 Duff's Eliger Saluts, &c.* Also a great Variety of  
 Articles in Grocery, cheap for Cash or great Credit.  
 All the Gentlemen Practitioners of Physick in the  
 Country may be supplied with Medicines as good  
 and as cheap as can be had in this Town of **Diston**.

**Said Business will be sold to two likely  
 NEGRO SLAVES,** (has imported) a Boy about 19  
 Years old, and a Girl of 17.

**A large Brick House** situated in  
 Queen-street, with the Store improved by Messrs  
*Edey & Gill* as a Printing Office, and the other  
 Stores, Stables, and Lands thereto belonging.  
 A very convenient and handsome Situation for any  
 Gentleman in Trade of otherwise. Enquire of  
*Daniel Macbeth, Samuel Sewall or Thomas Cutting,*  
 Executors to said Edward's Will.

**N. B.** If no Purchaser appears within three Weeks  
 the *Quellen House* will be let.

**THE Committee appointed by the  
 Great and General Court to Form, and the Duties of  
 Excise on Tea, Coffee, and China Ware, in the County  
 of Worcester, the current Year, will attend that  
 Service in Wednesday the Eleventh Day of May next,  
 at Two o'Clock Afternoon, at the House of Major  
 Daniel Heywood, Innholder, in Worcester.**  
 By Order of the Committee,  
 Worcester, April 6, 1763. **JOHN CHANDLER.**

**THE best of Turks-Island SALT,**  
 to be sold reasonable either for Cash, or *Jamaica* Fish,  
 Alewives, Mackerel, Pork, or Mollasses. Also, some  
 good Anchors from 7 C. to 1 C. Wt. and a Quantity  
 of Lignum-Vite. Enquire of **CORNELIUS DURANT.**

**THE Managers of Faneuil Hall  
 LOTTERY No. 1,** are rolling up Tickets and  
 preparing the Boxes, and are determined to draw  
 as soon as ready, the Town having voted to take  
 the Tickets remaining on the Day of Drawing.

**Samuel Hölbrook**  
*Hereby informs the Publick,*  
**THAT** he continues to keep his  
 School on Court-square, in King-street, where Youth  
 may be well instructed in Writing, Arithmetick,  
 & Reading, — will open at six in the Morning, for the  
 Benefit of young Ladies, or others who shall incline  
 to attend at that Hour.  
 With whom also Youth may board.

**Whereas six of the Proprietors of  
 that Part of the Town of Chesterfield, in the County  
 of Hampshire, called the New-Hingham Property,**  
 have applied themselves to me to Notify said Proprietors  
 for the following Purposes. 1. To chuse a  
 Moderator, 2. To lay out the Common Lands in  
 said Town to satisfy those Proprietors whose Lots  
 are cut off by running the Town Line. 3. To agree  
 upon a Method to lay out all the undivided Land  
 in said Township belonging to said Proprietors. 4.  
 To chuse suitable Committees to lay out said Lands. 5.  
 To grant such Sums of Money as are necessary to  
 defray the Charges the Proprietors may incur in  
 laying out their Lands, and other necessary Charges. 6.  
 To chuse Assessors and a Collector or Collectors  
 for said Proprietors. THIS is therefore to Notify  
 said Proprietors that they meet at the House of  
*Capt. William Lyman,* Innholder in Northampton,  
 on the 4th Day of May next, at One o'Clock After-  
 noon, to consider and determine upon the several  
 Articles above-mentioned, Dated at Northampton  
 March 10th, 1763.  
**OLIVER PARTRIDGE,**  
 Clerk of said Proprietors.

**Whereas the Hon. Israel Williams,**  
 Esq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace thro'  
 the Petition of the *Massachusetts Bay*, hath by his  
 Warrant to me directed, required me to notify and  
 warn the Proprietors of a Tract of Common & Un-  
 divided Land lying in the County of Berkshire, which  
 was granted by the General Assembly of said Pro-  
 vince in February last unto *Nathaniel Hooker, John  
 Townley, Isaac Shelton and John Walker,* called  
*Hartwood*, lying adjoining to *Great Barrington and  
 Pittsfield*, and extending Eastward to No. 4, &c.  
 To meet at the House of Mr. *Lake Hill*, Innholder  
 in Springfield, in the County of Hampshire, on the  
 11th Thursday of May next, at Two of the Clock in  
 the Afternoon, for the purposes following.

1. To chuse a Moderator to preside in said Meeting.  
 2. To chuse a Clerk and a Treasurer for said Proprietors.  
 3. To raise Monies to defray any Charges  
 that have been already incurred by said Proprietors,  
 and to defray any further Charges the said Proprietors  
 maythen find necessary to go into, for surveying  
 any part (that is not already laid out in  
 House Lots) or the whole of said Lands, for laying  
 out, clearing, up or repairing High Ways therein,  
 or for any other public Purposes that may then be  
 thought expedient. 4. To confirm the Lots that  
 are already laid out, and otherwise to act on any of  
 the Lots or the several Rights in said Tract, or for  
 accepting and confirming any Sums of Lots in  
 the said Tract as Original or House Lots; that may  
 be presented to the said Proprietors at said Meeting,  
 and to pass all such Votes relating to a Division or  
 Partition of said Lands in part or whole as shall then  
 be thought proper. Lastly, To agree upon some  
 proper Method for calling of said Proprietors for  
 the future. — Therefore I do hereby Notify said  
 Proprietors to meet and assemble at Time and Place  
 and for the Purposes aforesaid.  
 Hartford, April 4, 1763. **JOHN TOWNLEY.**

**Whereas the Shop of the Subscriber,  
 lying in Norwalk, in the Colony of Connecticut,**  
 was broken open on the 6th Day of April instant, at  
 Night, & robbed of the following Things, viz. 24  
 Silver Cream Pots, 6 large Spoons, 2 or 3 Dozen Tea  
 Spoons, a great many pair of Stone Buttons, Gold  
 Buttons, Gold Sticks, Jewels and Silver Buttons;  
 several Pair of Silver Buckles, some with Klukes and  
 Tonges & some without, and sundry other Articles,  
 to the Value of above £ 100 Lawful Money, —  
 This is to give Notice to any Person or Persons that  
 will apprehend and find Thief, and commit him to any  
 of his Majesty's Goals, so that he may be convicted,  
 and send Word to *Levi Jennings* of Boston, or the  
 Subscriber, Goldsmith, living at Norwalk in Connecti-  
 cut, shall have **TWENTY DOLLARS** Reward, paid by  
**JACOB JENNINGS.**  
**N. B.** If any of the above Articles should be offered  
 for Sale by any suspicious Person, they are desired  
 they may be stop.

**Publick Notice is hereby given,**  
 That the Duties of Excise on Tea, Coffee and China  
 Ware, in the County of Middlesex, will be farmed out  
 on Friday the Sixth Day of May next, at Three of the  
 Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of Nathaniel  
 Brown of Charlestown, in said County, Innholder.  
**SAMUEL DANFORTH,** one of the Committee  
 April 9, 1763. for farming the said Excise.

**TO be sold the following Tracts**  
 of Land, viz. In *Blanford*, Westward; about  
 4 or 5000 Acres, in a Town well settled upwards of  
 20 Years, very reasonable for the Cash.  
 In *New Rutland*, about 1000 Acres.  
 In *Waterstown*, a Mile & a quarter from the College,  
 about 50 Acres, with a House and Barn thereon.  
 In *Northam*, 150 Acres, chiefly Wood Land,  
 with a House and Barn thereon.  
 In *Northampton* (in *New-Hampshire*) 600 Acres.  
 A large Farm in *Frammingham*, about 8 or 900  
 Acres, or in three Divisions, as may suit a Purchaser,  
 having 3 Tenements, with Bains, &c. to each, — and  
 also each a suitable share of Orcharding.  
 About 200 Acres of Commons already laid out  
 in small Lots, and after Rights a considerable more  
 to be laid out to said Farm.  
 In *Leicester*, about 350 or 60 Acres, with a House,  
 Barn and Orcharding suitable.  
 Eastward a whole Share in *Milford*, about  
 10,000 Acres, and in *Pemigott*, about 1600 Acres.  
 Whereas several Gentlemen have been (of long  
 standing) contracting for several Parts of the afore-  
 mentioned Tracts; This may certify, them and all  
 others, that they are now to be sold to any one in-  
 cluded to Purchase. For further Information en-  
 quire of the Printers hercof.

**IMPORTED and TO BE SOLD,**  
 By Samuel Fletcher,

*Very Cheap for Cash,*  
**THE finest of Bohica & Hyson TEA,**  
 Boxes of *Young's* Mustard, best *Durham* Mustard,  
 Spices of all sorts, *Turkey* Pigs, long & short Pipes  
 per Box, Saitpeter, Alum, Coppars, and Brimstone,  
 New Refins, sweet Oil, *Poland* Starch per Cask,  
 ground Ginger, Citron, Capers, Powder and Stone  
 Blue, Chimney Tea, *Cassile* Soap; finest *Silaburg*  
 and *Scotch* Snuff; a fine Assortment of the best *India*  
 China, Glass Ware, Delft & Stone Ware, japanned  
 Salvers and Bread Baskets, neat Mahogany Tea-  
 Chells, &c. near the Draw-bridge, Boston.  
**N. B.** All Persons having any Boxes of *William  
 Fletcher's* in their Possession, are desired immedi-  
 ately to return them to *Mrs. Elizabeth Fletcher* at  
 New-Boston.

**To be sold by Henry Lloyd**  
*At Warehouse No. 5, on the Long Wharf,*  
 A Quantity of rough RICE, very suit-  
 able either for Bread; when mixed with a little  
 Corn Flour, or to feed Horses, with being a great  
 Preservative against Bots, and one Buftel of which  
 will go as far as two of Oats; *Alb* choice *Connecti-  
 cut* Corn and Rye, Ship Bread, *Georgia* Sable Tea,  
 their *Theriac* Wine, Irish Butter, Bar Iron, Starch,  
 Lignum-Vite, &c.

**TO be sold at New-Boston, two  
 Tenements,** each three Rooms on a Floor, with  
 distinct Entries, with good Yards, large Gar-  
 den Plot, with other Conveniencies; Also, several  
 House-Lots near Dr. *Mahew's* Meeting-House;  
 several Lots near Mr. *Haris's* the Baker's House, with  
 two Warehouses and a Wharf at the North  
 Part of the Town; the Houses in good Repair,  
 and bring in Eight per Cent. Credit will be given for  
 one Half the Purchase. Also a Tenement to be  
 let, with one Parlour, a Kitchen, two Chambers,  
 and a Garret, with Yard, Garden, &c. Enquire of  
 the Printers.

**Choice Providence Stone Lime**  
 To be sold at Mr. *Scollay's* Shop near the  
 Town-Dock, Boston.

**TO BE SOLD,**  
**A HOUSE in Bromfield Lane**  
 (so called) near opposite *Thomas Cutting's* Office, ex-  
 tremely well accommodated with Stable, Oil Houses,  
 and every necessary Convenience, with a large Gar-  
 den, wherein is a Collection of the best English Fruit,  
 Trees, &c. The House, Garden, &c. in the best Re-  
 pair. Enquire of the Printers for further Particulars.

**TICKETS in FANEUIL HALL**  
 Lottery to be had of the Publishers hereof.

**HIGH WATER at BOSTON, and SEVEN RISING**  
 and Setting for the ensuing Week.

	High Water.	H. M.	Of Rise.	Of Fall.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
MONDAY	3.35	5	2	6.58
TUESDAY	4.22	5	1	6.59
WEDNESDAY	5.6	5	0	7.0
THURSDAY	5.52	4	58	7.2
FRIDAY	6.36	4	37	7.3
SATURDAY	7.20	4	56	7.4
SUNDAY	8.4	4	55	7.5

By *Samuel West*, Printer.

BOSTON: Printed by T. and J. FLETCHER.